Correction

Correction: Silencing of CXCR4 sensitizes triple-negative breast cancer cells to cisplatin

Sixian Liang^{1,*}, Xun Peng^{2,*}, Xiaoli Li¹, Ping Yang¹, Linhao Xie¹, Yaochen Li³, Caiwen Du¹ and Guojun Zhang³

¹Department of Breast Medical Oncology, Cancer Hospital of Shantou University Medical College, Shantou 515031, PR China

Published: April 01, 2022

Copyright: © 2022 Liang et al. This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the <u>Creative Commons Attribution License</u> (CC BY 3.0), which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

This article has been corrected: In Figure 4C, panel 'o' contains a partial accidental overlap of panel 'e'. The corrected Figure 4, produced using the original data, is shown below. The authors declare that these corrections do not change the results or conclusions of this paper.

Original article: Oncotarget. 2015; 6:1020–1030. https://doi.org/10.18632/oncotarget.2741

²Department of Radiotherapy, Cancer Hospital of Shantou University Medical College, Shantou 515031, PR China

³The Breast Center, Cancer Hospital of Shantou University Medical College, Shantou 515031, PR China

^{*}These authors have contributed equally to this work

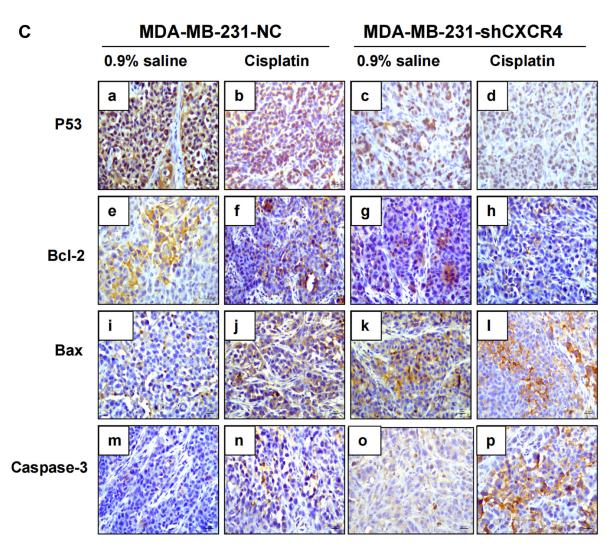


Figure 4: (C) Immunohistochemical staining of xenograft tumors for p53, Bax, Bcl-2 and caspase-3 (magnification = $40\times$).