Correction

## **Correction: The potent and selective cyclin-dependent kinases 4 and 6 inhibitor ribociclib (LEE011) is a versatile combination partner in preclinical cancer models**

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## Published: April 07, 2020

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This article has been corrected: In Table 1, a unit of measurement is displayed incorrectly. " $\mu$ M" is used instead of "nM". The corrected Table 1 is shown below. The authors declare that these corrections do not change the results or conclusions of this paper.

Original article: Oncotarget. 2018; 9:35226–35240. https://doi.org/10.18632/oncotarget.26215

Cell line	Cancer type	Dominant CDK	Ribociclib IC <sub>50</sub> , mean ± SD, nM	Palbociclib IC <sub>50</sub> , mean ± SD, nM	Abemaciclib IC <sub>50</sub> , mean ± SD, nM
JeKo-1	MCL	CDK4	$143 \pm 87$	$72 \pm 33$	$20 \pm 9$
CAMA-1	ER+BC	CDK4	$162 \pm 59$	$50 \pm 24$	$28 \pm 2$
MCF-7	ER+BC	CDK4	$62 \pm 30$	$30 \pm 18$	$11 \pm 7$
T47D	ER+BC	CDK4	$111 \pm 14$	$66 \pm 19$	$13 \pm 3$
REH	ALL	CDK6	$1030\pm246$	$60 \pm 17$	$72 \pm 6$
SEM	ALL	CDK6	1484±215	$87 \pm 28$	$162 \pm 37$
Pfeiffer	DLBCL	CDK6	$948 \pm 53$	$89 \pm 32$	$66 \pm 25$
MOLM-13	AML	CDK6	$365 \pm 62$	$47 \pm 25$	$57 \pm 21$

## Table 1: IC<sub>50</sub> Values of CDK4/6 Inhibitors

 $IC_{50}$  values (mean ± SD) of ribociclib, palbociclib, and abemaciclib were determined using the CyQuant cell proliferation assay. The average differential for CDK4 versus CDK6 dependent lines for ribociclib, palbociclib, and abemaciclib is 8.0-, 1.3-, and 5.5-fold, respectively. Abbreviations: ALL, acute lymphoblastic leukemia; AML, acute myeloid leukemia; BC, breast cancer; CDK, cyclin-dependent kinase; DLBCL, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; ER+, estrogen receptor-positive;  $IC_{50}$ , half-maximal inhibitory concentration; MCL, mantle-cell lymphoma; SD, standard deviation.